Shorter Oxford ENGLISH Dictionary

FIFTH EDITION

firmless adjective. poet. L16 M18 [from FIRM udjective + -LESS.] Unsteady, shifting

[German from Old High German firm old, rel. to Old Saxon femals, in a formerly, Old Norse formancient (Swedish form former).] NÉVÉ

firry fairi adjective, £19.

Having many firs; of or pertaining to the fir.

first fast adjective, adverb, & noun (ordinal numeral).

[Old English toriest = Old Frisian ferost, Fert, first, Old High German to = 1 (form) - prince, whence German Furst), Old Norse firsti, from Germanic superl., from Indo-European base also of Latin print Greek posts. (Sanskrit prathama.)

A adjective. 1 Preceding all others in time, order, series.

- succession, etc.; earliest in occurrence, existence, etc.; basic: that is number one in a series: (represented by 181). OE >b Occurring or presenting itself next after a given point of time (expressed or implied). E17.
- 2 Foremost or most advanced in position. or.
- 3 Foremost in rank, importance, or excellence. ME. •b in official titles: having precedence over all others.
- 1.1 S. JOHNSON Each of the six first lines of the fliad might lose two syllables. T. HARDY Mr Clare . . whose first wife had died . . married a second late in life. SCOTT FITTGERALD
- died. . married a second late in life. SCOTT FITZGERALD I Thought of the first sheep I ever remember secing.

 I MURROCH AN April evening . . the big trees in first leaf. Day Lewis Memories from my first two years. G. Goddon For the first tew years of his working life . . he had had to work every second Saturday. First conjugation, first declension, etc. b MORTIMER COLLINS I shall get back to London by the First train. 2 OED The first horse in the race. 3 J. OZELL Courage. a General's first Quality. H. MARTINEAU I was told a great deal about the first people in Boston'. b first cellist, first leutenant. First Lord of the Treasury. First Sea Lord, first voldin, etc.
- ▶ B adverb. 1 Before anyone or anything else, in time rank, serial order, etc. of. +†b Originally, of-£18.
- **2** Before another specified or implied thing, time, event, etc.; as the first point in a topic, argument, etc., in the first place. ME. >b In preference to something else: rather; more likely, tme.
- 3 For the first time, then and not earlier. ME
- 4 ellipt. Travelling first class. 119.
- 13 Scott Fitzgerald After greeting Rosematy and her mother he waited for them to speak first. Proved: First come first served. 2 A. R. Pennington It is impossible for the first served. 2.A.R. Pennington It is impossible for the priest to remit the sins of any unless they are first remitted by Christ. J. Buchan She could scarcely refuse to give him breakfast first. J. Steinbeck He... slipped off first one shoe and then the other. b Browning Die? He'll bribe a gaoler or break prison first. 3.T. Hardy He... surveyed people up and down when first making their acquaintance. G. Greene In this story of ... Hunca-Munca... the unmistakable Potter style first ampera. first appears.
- ▶ C noun. I 1 The first person or thing of a category. series, etc., identified contextually, as day of the month, (following a proper name) person, esp. monarch or pope. of the specified name, base in baseball, etc. ME.

 2 The first part, the beginning, LME.
- 3 HERALDRY. The tincture first mentioned in a blazon. M16
- 1 OED He is always the first to find fault. S. BECKETT I was stopped by a second policeman, similar in all respects to the first. 2 F. MARRYAT We shall be able to stem the first of the flood. D. H. LAWRENCE It was wrong from the first It was wrong to begin with.
- ► II 4 gen. A person who or thing which is first. L16.
- 5 Music. The highest part of a duet, trio, etc. L18.
- 6 In pl. Goods of the best quality. E19.
- 7 (A person having) a place in the first class of an exam mation: (the winner of) first place in a race etc. M19.
- 8 A first-class compartment, carriage, or section, on a train etc. E20.
- 9 A first edition (of a book). E20.
- 10 first gear below. E20.
- 11 The first known or discovered example of a thing: a first instance or occurrence, esp. of something notable. M20
- 7 S. SPENDER To gain a First, a Scholarship, difficult as scaling some great height. J. Diddon She took all the imping firsts at the .. horse show. 11 J. F. STRAKER Tin sorry about that, Paul. That made another first; they had not used Christian names before.

Phrose etc. after first brush: see BRUSH nount 1. at first at the beginning of first blush: see BRUSH nount 1. at first brush see BRUSH nount 1. at the first blush: see BRUSH nount 1. come in first with a race double first. see DOUBLE objective & odverb. feet first (at with the feet in front (b) follog in a coffin dead, first and foremost firstly) and most importantly), first and last laking one thing with another, all in all, from start to finish first in, first out involved a system of accounting in which the goods first acquired by a company are valued as though they are the first to be sold. be sold. (b) computing idesignating or pertaining total procedure in which the frem removed from a buffer, queue, etc. is always the

one that has been in the longest, first of all before anyone or anything else, firstly, first off collog, lorig, US₁ at first, to begin with first or last sooner or later, first past the post idesignat-ing the winner of an election by virtue of receiving the most votes though perhaps not having an absolute majority first up colon, first of all, at the first attempt, first-wicket partnership: see wicket 3b. from first to last throughout, from the first from the beginning for the first time: see FOR preposition, head first with the head in front in the first flight see FLICHI noun, in the first instance, see INSTANCE noun. In the first place first, firstly to begin with of the first head, see HEAD noun of the first order [French the pooning order] outstanding, excellent of the first water, see water noun tob. on first blush, on the first blush see BLUSH noun tithe first the beginning; even one elementary thing

Special collocations & comb.: (As ordinal) Forming compound ordinal numerals with multiples of ten. as forty-first (41st), five-thousond-and-first (5001st), etc. (As adjective - first aid help given to an injured person (until medical treatment is available). first-oid post, a place where first and is available. first-aider a person trained or skilled in first aid. first boos see BASE noun!, first bloods see BASE noun!, first blush: see BLUSH noun i, first-born odjective & noun i, didjective that is born first-eldest; ib) noun. one's first or eldest child, first brush; see BRUSH noun'; First Cause: see CAUSE noun, first chop: see CHOP noun', first coat a first Layer of paint etc. first comer a first on earliest arrival. First Consult see CONSULTA. first cost a prime cost say prime objective, first cousin, see COUSIN noun 1. first cross the crossing of two pure breeds, an ottspring of such a cross. first day in Sunday, esp. among the Society of Friends, (b) the first day of issue of stamps etc.: (first-day cover see COVER noun). first degree specially a first degree. (a) the least serious category of burn, (b) the most serious cate egory of crime (principal in the first degree; see PRINCIPAL noun 2a). first-degree adjective (a) to fa burn affecting only the epidermis: (b) US (of murder) pretueditated and without mitigating cir cumstances. first derivative: see DERIVATIVE noun 3. first edition cunstances first derivative, see Derivative roun 3, first edition the first printed form in which a book etc. is published, the whole number of copies in this form; one copy in this form, first finger the finger next to the thumb; first floor the floor immediately above the ground floor. N Amer the ground floor, First Folio, see Fouo noun first-foot noun & verb is hield Scot i (an noun the first person to cross the threshold in the New Year; (b) web introns, be such a person; go on a round of visits as a New Year begins (chiefly as first-footing verbal noun), first-footer a person who first-foots or goes first-footing, first-fruits (a) the first products of agriculture for the season, esp., as offered to God, fig. the first results of work etc., (b) Hist, a payment to a superior by the new holder of an office, esp., an excless tastical office, first gear the lowest or bottom forward gear in a motor vehicle, becycle. the lowest or bottom torward gear in a motor vehicle, bicycle, etc. first-generation objective is a computer distinguished by the use of vacuum tubes and belonging essentially to the period 1945-35 first good see coop nown first withful first lady the 1945 35 first good see GOOD noon first intrition. First lady the most important lady: Us spet the write of the President, or another appointed woman acting as hostess for him first language one's native language first lesson, see tesson noon 2. first hoursenst, first light the time when light first appears in the morning, first line long, manner the line of fighting forces or fighthe group of people who are most advanced or of the highest quality. First Lord of the Treasury; see treasures first love (the emotion felt) the first time one talls in love, the person with whom one talls in love for the first time; one's favourite occupation, possession, etc. first move first love a person's person. pation, possession, etc. first mover first name a person's per-sonal given or Christian name, as opp, to his or her surname ton first-name terms, sufficiently friendly to address each other by first names). **first-name** verb trans, address by first name, be on first-name terms with, **first night** the first public performance of a play etc. **first-nighter** a person who arrends a first night or first nights. **first offender** an offender against the law against whom no previous conviction is recorded. **first officer** (a) the whom no previous conviction is recorded first officer (a) the mate on a merchant ship, (b), the second in command to the captain on an aircraft, first person; see Person noun, first position (a) work the lowest possible position of the hand on the inger-board of a stringed instrument; (b) saute a disposition of the body in which the legs are together with heels touching, and the toes are turned out at a right angle, first post; see Post nour; first quarter, see QUARTER noun; (b) first reading the first of three successive occasions on which a bill must have been presented to a legislature before it becomes law, permitting its introduction first refusal; see REUSAL (a) first school a primary school intended for children between the ages of 5 and 8 or 9. First Sea Lord, see see First Secretary; see SECRETARY noun first sergeant (5 the highest rankum non-commissioned officer in a company Us the highest ranking non-commissioned officer in a company first sound: see sound noun! first storey, see STOREY noun. first strike an aggressive attack with nuclear weapons before their we by the enemy first string, see String, one of first thing in the most elementary or rudimentary thing dred in not know the first thing about, ib) adverb colled a better anything else, (c) first things first, the most important things before any others, first time buyer a person seeking to buy a home who has not previous ously owned one and so has none to sell. first-timer a person who does or is something for the first time. First War = First World War s.v. world, first water, see water noun to. First World in Hist, the US and USSR; (b) the developed countries apart from the dormer Communist bloc First World War: see

■ firstness noun LMF

first class (fast) 'klust as adjective also fast) klust noun phr., adjective, & adverb. As adjective & adverb usu. firstclass. L18.

Ifrom FIRST adjective + CLASS noun.]

► A noun phr. The first just, the highest, of a series of classes into which people or things are grouped; a set of people or things grouped together as better than others: the best accommodation in a train, boat, aircraft, etc.; mail given preferential treatment; a compartment of a train etc. offering the best accommodation: (a person with) a place in the highest division of an examination list, L18.

▶ B adjective. Belonging to, achieving, travelling by, etc., the first class; of the best quality, very good; of the highest order, M19.

⚠ R. K. NARAYAN This threatened to develop into a first-class crisis. F. FORSYTH Harcourt-Smith was of the university intake, with a first-class degree. Times The price of the first class stamp has remained at 17p since September 1984.

Comb.: first-classman a person with a first-class degree. ► C adverb. By first-class accommodation in a train, boat,

aircraft, etc.; by first-class mail; colloq. excellently. £19.

first hand (faist hand; as adjective also Torsthand noun phr., adjective, & adverb. As adjective & adverb (now usu.) firsthand MIR

[from FIRST adjective + HAND nuun.]

- ▶ A noun phr. at first hand, directly from the first source, without intermediate agency. M18.
- ▶ B adjective. Of or pertaining to the first source, original: coming direct from the first source, derived from personal experience. M18.
 - III H. GUNTRIP Those who criticize psychoanalysis rarely show firsthand knowledge of events in the field later than about 1908.
- ▶ C adverb. Directly from the first source, at first hand.
 - S. KNIGHT The prostitutes had learned first-hand of a

firstling | fo:s(t)lm/ noun & adjective. M16. [from FIRST adjective + -LING*.]

- ► A noun. The first product or result of something: the tirst offspring of a season. Usu, in pl. M16.
- ▶ B attrib. or as adjective. That is the first product or result; first-born. E17.

firstly *fa:s(t)li* adverb & noun, M16. [from FIRST adjective + -LY².]

- ▶ A adverb. As the first point in a topic, argument, etc.; in the first place. M16.
- ▶ B noun. A use of the word firstly, rore, £17

first-rate fais(t)'reit; as adjective also tais(t)reit, noun, adjective, & adverb. Also (usual form in sense A.1) first rate

- [from FIRST adjective + RATE noun!.]
 ► A noun. 1 Hist. The highest of the rates or classes by which warships were distinguished according to the number of guns they carried. M17.
- 2. A warship of the first rate (Hist.): a person or thing of the highest class or rank (now rore). L17.
- ▶ B adjective. 1 Hist. Of a warship: of the first rare. 117. 2 Of the highest class or excellence; extremely good, excellent, collog, M18.
 - 412 2 M. E. G. Duff As long as France remained a first-rate power. M. Gordon Her misfortune was to be a merely firstrate painter in an age of geniuses.
- ► C adverb. Excellently, very well, colloq. M19.
 - 113 B. W. Aldiss 'You're looking first-rate' 'And you, Sicily evidently agrees with you'.
 - first-rater noun a first-rate person or thing £19.

firth 15:0 noun1. Chiefly north, poet. Now rare or obsolete. [Metath, var. of FRITH noun:.]

A (hunting) forest; a coppice, a small wood.

firth /fa:0/ noun2, Orig. Scot. LME. fold Norse tier in FIORD: cf. FRITH noun: 1 An arm of the sea; a river estuary

fisc fisk noun. Also (scots taw) fisk. L16.

[French, or Latin Fiscus rush-basket, purse, treasury.]

1 Hist. Orig. the private treasury of the Roman emperors, later developing into a public treasury but retaining considerable imperial control. Lt6. • An exchequer. Now rare. 116.

2 scots law. The public treasury or Crown to which estates lapse by escheat; the revenue to the Crown by escheat. Formerly also, the right of the Crown to the estate of a rebel. obsolete exc. Hist. L17.

fiscal disktall adjective & noun. M16.

French, or Latin fiscalis, from fiscus treasury; see prec.]

➤ A adjective. 1 Of or pertaining to a treasury. Now chiefly, of or pertaining to governmental financial matters. M16. 2 Of or pertaining to financial matters in general. Chiefly US. M19.

Special collocations: fiscal agent a bank or trust company appointed by a corporation etc. to act as its imancial represen-tative. **fiscal drag (cosonics**) (a deflationary effect on economic growth caused by) the tendency of tax yields to increase at a higher rate than inflation when tax allowances remain fixed. fiscal engineer 05 a specialisi in fiscal engineering. fiscal engineering 05 management of the finances of a firm so as to take maximum advantage of tax exemptions etc. fiscal year (chiefly N. Amer.) a financial year (for the US Government ning a October (before 1976, a July)