

Canadian Technical Report of  
Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences 2107

1998

**GUIDELINES FOR THE USE OF EXPLOSIVES IN OR NEAR  
CANADIAN FISHERIES WATERS**

by

D.G. Wright  
Science Directorate  
Central and Arctic Region  
Department of Fisheries and Oceans  
501 University Crescent  
Winnipeg, Manitoba R3T 2N6  
Canada

and

G.E. Hopky  
Habitat Management and Environmental Science Directorate  
Department of Fisheries and Oceans  
200 Kent Street  
Ottawa, Ontario K1A 0E6  
Canada

© Minister of Public Works and Government Services Canada 1998  
Cat. No. Fs 98-6/2107E ISSN 0706-6457

Correct citation for this publication:

Wright, D.G., and G.E. Hopky. 1998. Guidelines for the use of explosives in or near Canadian fisheries waters. Can. Tech. Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 2107: iv + 34p.

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

ABSTRACT/RÉSUMÉ ANALYTIQUE .....	iv
SCOPE AND RATIONALE .....	1
APPLICABLE LEGISLATION AND POLICY.....	1
<i>Fisheries Act</i> .....	1
<i>Canadian Environmental Assessment Act</i> .....	3
IMPACTS.....	3
Effects on Fish.....	3
Effects on Fish Habitat.....	4
GUIDELINES, AND APPLICATION AND REVIEW PROCESSES .....	4
GUIDELINES.....	4
APPLICATION AND REVIEW PROCESSES.....	6
Application Procedures .....	7
Review and Decision-making Process.....	10
UPDATING 13	
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS.....	13
REFERENCES .....	13

## LIST OF TABLES

Table 1.	Setback distance (m) from centre of detonation of a confined explosive to fish habitat to achieve 100 kPa guideline criteria for various substrates.....	15
Table 2.	Setback distance (m) from centre of detonation of a confined explosive to spawning habitat to achieve 13mm•sec <sup>-1</sup> guideline criteria for all types of substrate.....	15

## LIST OF APPENDICES

Appendix I.	DFO Regional/Area authorities .....	16
Appendix II.	General equations to determine setback distance for confined explosives to meet guideline criteria of 100 kPa.....	18
Appendix III.	Sample calculations and examples for confined explosives .....	20
Appendix IV.	Application form for Authorization to destroy fish by means other than fishing .....	27
Appendix V.	Application form for Authorization to harmfully alter, disrupt or destroy fish habitat.....	31

## ABSTRACT

Wright, D.G., and G.E. Hopky. 1998. Guidelines for the use of explosives in or near Canadian fisheries waters. Can. Tech. Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 2107: iv + 34p.

The federal *Fisheries Act* includes provisions for the protection of fish, shellfish, crustaceans, marine mammals and their habitats. The detonation of explosives in or adjacent to fish habitat has been demonstrated to cause disturbance, injury and/or death to fish and marine mammals, and/or the harmful alteration, disruption or destruction of their habitats, sometimes at a considerable distance from the point of detonation.

Within the context of the guidelines and procedures outlined in this report, an explosive is defined as a chemical compound which, when detonated, creates a compressional wave having an almost instantaneous rise time to a very high peak pressure followed by a decay to below ambient pressure by either rapid oxidation or the breaking of high-energy chemical bonds.

The purpose of this report is to provide information to proponents who are proposing works or undertakings that involve the use of confined or unconfined explosives in or near Canadian fisheries waters, and to which the *Fisheries Act*, Sections 32 and 35 in particular, may apply. Guidelines are provided on methods and practices for the conservation and protection of fish, marine mammals, and fish habitat from impacts arising from the destructive forces of explosives. The report describes the suggested application and review procedures and processes for proponents whose use of explosives may result in the destruction of fish, or the harmful alteration, disruption or destruction of fish habitat.

## RÉSUMÉ ANALYTIQUE

Wright, D.G. et G.E. Hopky. *Lignes directrices concernant l'utilisation d'explosifs à l'intérieur ou à proximité des eaux de pêche canadiennes*, rapport technique canadien des sciences halieutiques et aquatiques 2107, 1998, iv + 34 p.

La *Loi sur les pêches* fédérale renferme des dispositions relatives à la protection du poisson, des mollusques, des crustacés, des mammifères marins et de leur habitat. Il a été prouvé que la détonation d'explosifs dans l'habitat du poisson ou à proximité perturbe, blesse ou tue des poissons et des mammifères marins ou encore entraîne la détérioration, la destruction ou la perturbation de leur habitat. Il arrive parfois que les dommages se fassent sentir à une distance considérable du point de détonation.

Aux fins des lignes directrices et des procédures énoncées dans le présent rapport, on entend par explosif un composé chimique qui, lorsqu'il explose, crée une vague de compression entraînant presque instantanément un pic de pression extrêmement élevé suivi d'une décroissance sous la pression ambiante soit par oxydation rapide ou par la rupture des liaisons chimiques à haute énergie.

Le présent rapport a pour but de fournir de l'information aux promoteurs qui proposent des ouvrages ou des entreprises nécessitant l'utilisation d'explosifs confinés ou non confinés à l'intérieur ou à proximité des eaux de pêche canadiennes et auxquels la *Loi sur les pêches*, plus précisément les articles 32 et 35, pourraient s'appliquer. Il renferme des lignes directrices concernant les méthodes et pratiques de conservation et de protection du poisson, des mammifères marins et de leur habitat contre les effets découlant de la force destructrice des explosifs. On y décrit les procédures de présentation des demandes et d'examen pour les promoteurs qui prévoient l'utilisation d'explosifs de nature à entraîner la destruction du poisson ou la détérioration, la perturbation ou la destruction de son habitat.

## SCOPE AND RATIONALE

The federal *Fisheries Act* includes provisions for the protection of fish, shellfish, crustaceans, marine mammals and their habitats. The detonation of explosives in or adjacent to fish habitat has been demonstrated to cause disturbance, injury and/or death to fish and marine mammals, and/or the harmful alteration, disruption or destruction of their habitats, sometimes at a considerable distance from the point of detonation. Therefore, the Department of Fisheries and Oceans (DFO) has prepared this document to provide information to proponents on the conservation and protection of fish, marine mammals, and their habitat from impacts arising from the use of confined or unconfined explosives in or near Canadian fisheries waters. The guidelines, and application and review procedures and processes outlined in this document apply in the context of the legislative and policy framework summarized below.

## APPLICABLE LEGISLATION AND POLICY

### *Fisheries Act*

A number of sections of the *Fisheries Act* and its attendant regulations are applicable to the conservation and protection of fish and fish habitat from the destructive forces of explosives.

- Section 2 defines "Canadian fisheries waters" as meaning all waters in the fishing zones of Canada, all waters in the territorial sea of Canada and all internal waters of Canada.
- Section 2 defines "fish" as including shellfish, crustaceans, marine animals and the eggs, sperm, spawn, spat and juvenile stages of fish, shellfish, crustaceans and marine animals.
- Section 32 prohibits the destruction of fish by any means other than fishing, except as authorized by the Minister of Fisheries and Oceans or under regulations made by the Governor in Council under the *Fisheries Act*.
- Subsection 34(1) defines "fish habitat" as meaning spawning grounds and nursery, rearing, food supply and migration areas on which fish depend directly or indirectly in order to carry out their life processes.
- Subsection 35(1) prohibits any person from carrying on any work or undertaking that results in the Harmful Alteration, Disruption or Destruction (HADD) of fish habitat.
- Subsection 35(2) provides for the alteration, disruption or destruction of fish habitat by any means or under any conditions authorized by the Minister of Fisheries and Oceans or under regulations made by the Governor in Council under the *Fisheries Act*.

- Subsection 36(3) prohibits the deposit of a deleterious substance into waters frequented by fish, unless otherwise permitted by regulation.
- Subsection 58(1) of the *Fishery (General) Regulations* provides for anyone proposing to carry on any work or undertaking likely to result in the HADD of fish habitat, to apply to have the means or conditions of that work or undertaking authorized by the Minister under Subsection 35(2) of the *Fisheries Act*, using the form set out in Schedule VI. Schedule VI includes a section for the applicant to provide details on the proposed use of explosives.
- Subsection 58(2) of the *Fishery (General) Regulations* provides the means for the Department of Fisheries and Oceans to issue Authorizations under Subsection 35(2) of the *Fisheries Act*, using the form set out in Schedule VII.
- Section 7 of the *Marine Mammal Regulations* prohibits disturbance of marine mammals except when fishing for them.

In addition, the Department of Fisheries and Oceans has developed a policy framework to assist in the interpretation and application of the applicable legislation. The most relevant documents are as follows:

- The **Policy for the Management of Fish Habitat** (1986) provides policy direction for interpreting the broad powers mandated in the *Fisheries Act* in a way that is consistent with the concept of sustainable development. To achieve the Policy's goal of fish habitat conservation when reviewing project proposals with the potential to affect fish habitat, DFO's habitat managers apply the No Net Loss (NNL) guiding principle. Under this principle, the Department strives to maintain the existing productive capacity of fish habitats, such that the fish habitat is able to sustain the production of fish suitable for fisheries purposes.

In summary, in order to meet the NNL guiding principle, the habitat manager's first preference is to avoid or reduce the project's potential for a HADD of fish habitat through the application of appropriate mitigation measures. Avoidance measures, such as project relocation or redesign, can be effectively applied at the project design stage. Failing that, impacts may be further reduced by application of specific mitigation measures, such as use of timing windows during the construction phase. If a HADD is still expected to occur, unavoidable - i.e. residual - losses in habitat productive capacity may be compensated on a case-by-case basis if the manager concludes that compensation is acceptable and feasible.

- The **Directive on the Issuance of Subsection 35(2) Authorizations** (1995) clarifies the circumstances when an Authorization under Subsection 35(2) may be issued, and on providing proponents with letters of advice suggesting means of avoiding HADD of fish habitat.

- The **Habitat Conservation and Protection Guidelines** (1998) is a document for use by DFO's staff in administering the habitat provisions of the *Fisheries Act*. It outlines a standard approach to habitat conservation and protection through the application of the NNL guiding principle.

### **Canadian Environmental Assessment Act**

A decision to issue an Authorization under Section 32 or Subsection 35(2) of the *Fisheries Act* triggers an environmental assessment under the *Canadian Environmental Assessment Act* (CEAA).

### **IMPACTS**

The use of explosives may result in a number of adverse impacts on fish and marine mammals, and their habitats.

#### **Effects on Fish**

The detonation of explosives in or near water produces post-detonation compressive shock waves characterized by a rapid rise to a high peak pressure followed by a rapid decay to below ambient hydrostatic pressure. The latter pressure deficit causes most impacts on fish.

The primary site of damage in finfish is the swimbladder, the gas-filled organ that permits most pelagic fish to maintain neutral buoyancy. The kidney, liver, spleen, and sinus venous also may rupture and haemorrhage. Fish eggs and larvae also may be killed or damaged (Wright 1982).

Studies (Wright 1982) show that an overpressure in excess of 100 kPa will result in these effects. The degree of damage is related to type of explosive, size and pattern of the charge(s), method of detonation, distance from the point of detonation, water depth, and species, size and life stage of fish.

Vibrations from the detonation of explosives may cause damage to incubating eggs (Wright 1982, Wright in prep.). Sublethal effects, such as changes in behaviour of fish, have been observed on several occasions as a result of noise produced by explosives. The effects may be intensified in the presence of ice and in areas of hard substrate (Wright 1982, Wright in prep.).

The detonation of explosives may be lethal to marine mammals and may cause auditory damage under certain conditions. The detonation of explosives in the proximity of marine mammals also has been demonstrated to induce changes in behaviour (Wright in prep.).

The number of shellfish and crustaceans killed by the detonation of explosives is believed to be negligible, however, few data are available. Sublethal effects of explosives on

shellfish and crustaceans including behavioural modifications are little known or understood (Wright 1982, Wright in prep.).

### **Effects on Fish Habitat**

The use of explosives in and near fish habitat may also result in the physical and/or chemical alteration of that habitat. For example, sedimentation resulting from the use of explosives may cover spawning areas or may reduce or eliminate bottom-dwelling life forms that fish use for food. By-products from the detonation of explosives may include ammonia or similar compounds and may be toxic to fish and other aquatic biota (Wright in prep.).

## **GUIDELINES, AND APPLICATION AND REVIEW PROCESSES**

The following sections have been prepared to guide proponents proposing works or undertakings that involve the use of confined or unconfined explosives ~~in or near~~ Canadian fisheries waters, and to which the *Fisheries Act*, Sections 32 and 35 in particular, may apply. Confined explosives are those that would be used within a substrate, including ice, while unconfined explosives are those that would be used in open water, or not within a substrate.

Note that the information and guidance provided in these sections pertains to the conservation and protection of fish and fish habitat in the context of the *Fisheries Act*, and to the CEAA requirements that may result. There is no intent to relieve the proponent of responsibilities under any other federal, provincial or municipal legislation. Proponents are encouraged to contact other appropriate regulatory agencies to ensure that the proposed work or undertaking is carried out according to their requirements.

### **GUIDELINES**

This section provides guidelines on methods and practices which, if incorporated into a project proposal, are intended to prevent or avoid the destruction of fish, or any potentially harmful effects to fish habitat that could result from the use of explosives. Implementation of these measures, for this purpose, is at the discretion of the proponent. Use of these guidelines should not be taken to imply approval of the proposed project in accordance with the *Fisheries Act*. Note that should the proponent proceed with the project and the use of explosives results in the destruction of fish and/or the HADD of fish habitat as a result of a change in plans, or failure to implement the measures, contravention of Section 32 and/or Subsection 35(1) of the *Fisheries Act* could occur.

1. Proponents considering the use of explosives are encouraged to consult the appropriate DFO Regional/Area authorities (Appendix I) as early as possible in their planning process to identify possible alternatives to the use of explosives, the biological resources and their habitats at risk, and/or effective mitigation measures.



2. Where provincial or territorial resource management agencies, or aboriginal resource management boards undertake the administration of fisheries, the proponent is encouraged to consult with the relevant authorities.
3. The use of confined or, in particular, unconfined explosives in or near Canadian fisheries waters is discouraged, and proponents are encouraged to utilize other potentially less destructive methods wherever possible.
4. No use of ammonium nitrate-fuel oil mixtures occurs in or near water due to the production of toxic by-products (ammonia).

Note:

- The deposit of deleterious substances into waters frequented by fish is prohibited under Section 36(3) of the *Fisheries Act*, unless otherwise permitted by regulation. There is no regulation pursuant to the *Fisheries Act* that permits the deposit of by-products resulting from the use of ammonium nitrate-fuel oil mixtures.
5. After loading a charge in a hole, the hole is to be back-filled (stemmed) with angular gravel to the level of the substrate/water interface or the hole collapsed to confine the force of the explosion to the formation being fractured. The angular gravel is to have a particle size of approximately 1/12th the diameter of the borehole.
  6. All "shock-tubes" and detonation wires are to be recovered and removed after each blast.
  7. No explosive is to be knowingly detonated within 500 m of any marine mammal (or no visual contact from an observer using 7x35-power binocular).

Note:

- Upon review of a proposal, the DFO Regional/Area authority may impose a greater avoidance distance, depending on the size of the charge or other project specific or fishery resource conditions.
8. No explosive is to be detonated in or near fish habitat that produces, or is likely to produce, an instantaneous pressure change (i.e., overpressure) greater than 100 kPa (14.5 psi) in the swimbladder of a fish.

Notes:

- For confined explosives, **setback distances from the land-water interface** (e.g., the shoreline), or burial depths from fish habitat (e.g., from under the riverbed) **that will ensure that explosive charges meet the 100 kPa overpressure**

guideline are shown in Table 1. Equations to derive these relationships have been adapted from Nicholls et al. (1971) and Anon (1980). The equations are described in Appendix II, and should be used for weights of explosives not covered in Table 1. Sample calculations and examples are illustrated in Appendix III.

- If a confined explosive is to be detonated close to the substrate-water interface (such as in trenching or demolition), the set-back distance closely approximates the theoretical lethal range within which 50% of the fish may be killed or injured. Consequently, the 100 kPa guideline is not likely to be met in those situations where, because of the design constraint's of the project, it is also likely not possible or practical to 'adjust' the setback distance as a means to meet the 100 kPa guideline. For example, preparation of a trench for a pipeline crossing typically requires no more than a below grade burial depth of about 2m. Therefore, the weight of explosive charge per delay will have to be adjusted in an effort to meet the 100 kPa guideline. A sample calculation to illustrate a trenching example is given in Appendix III.
  - For unconfined explosives, proponents are encouraged to contact the appropriate DFO Regional/Area authorities (Appendix I) for further guidance.
9. No explosive is to be detonated that produces, or is likely to produce, a peak particle velocity greater than  $13 \text{ mm}\cdot\text{s}^{-1}$  in a spawning bed during the period of egg incubation.

Note:

- For confined explosives, setback distances or burial depths from spawning beds that will ensure that explosive charges meet the  $13 \text{ mm}\cdot\text{s}^{-1}$  guideline criteria are shown in Table 2. Equations to derive these relationships have been adapted from Nicholls et al. (1971) and Anon (1980) and are described in Appendix II. Sample calculations and examples are illustrated in Appendix III.
- For unconfined explosives, proponents are encouraged to contact the appropriate DFO Regional/Area authorities (Appendix I) for further guidance.

## APPLICATION AND REVIEW PROCESSES

Proponents planning to use an explosive that is likely to destroy fish and/or cause a HADD of fish habitat are subject to certain legal obligations under the *Fisheries Act*, as identified in the preceding 'Applicable Legislation and Policy' section. This section discusses these obligations with respect to the proposed use of explosives, and suggests to proponents how to fulfil them.

Proponents should contact the DFO Regional/Area authorities (Appendix I) as early as possible in their planning process. The purpose is to find out whether the proposed use of

explosives is likely to affect a Canadian fisheries water and whether its use is likely to destroy fish and/or cause a HADD of fish habitat. Depending on the outcome, DFO may also discuss potential issues, specific information requirements, or the next steps and possible outcomes in a further review of the proposal. For example, as summarized in the subsequent 'Review and Decision-making Process' section, possible next steps could include a request for further information, or a recommendation that the proponent seek an authorization pursuant to Section 32 and/or Subsection 35(2). Possible outcomes may include the provision of written advice, the issuance of (an) authorization(s) subject to completion of a CEAA review, or, refusal to issue (an) authorization(s).

Proponents should contact DFO before irrevocable commitments (such as contracts for equipment/services) are made, in order to avoid any unnecessary delays in the application and review process. Note that DFO may become aware of your proposed project through its participation in co-operative arrangements with other governments, agencies, boards, etc.

The following 'Application Procedures' section provides information to assist the proponent in deciding if it should seek Authorization to destroy fish by means other than fishing, and/or Authorization to harmfully alter, disrupt or destroy fish habitat, through the use of explosives and, if so, provides information on procedures for filing, etc.

Note that application for Authorization under Section 32 and/or Subsection 35(2) is voluntary. Proponents are not prohibited from going ahead with their use of explosives without Authorization. But, if as a result of the use of explosives, fish are destroyed and/or there is a HADD of fish habitat, contravention of Section 32 and/or Subsection 35(1) of the *Fisheries Act* could occur and the proponent is liable to prosecution.

### **Application Procedures**

1. Proponents unable to meet the overpressure or peak particle velocity guideline values identified, respectively, in measures 8 or 9 of the preceding 'Guidelines' section, should complete and submit an application for Authorization under Section 32 of the *Fisheries Act*, to destroy fish by means other than fishing. The recommended application form is shown in Appendix IV. However, the proponent should contact the appropriate DFO Regional/Area authority (Appendix I) to verify that this is the appropriate application form to use and/or to identify information requirements.
2. Proponents who wish to file for Authorization under Subsection 35(2) of the *Fisheries Act* should complete and submit a separate application in accordance with the form prescribed pursuant to Subsection 58(1) of the *Fishery (General) Regulations* (Appendix V). Assistance on filing the application form, and related procedures, may be obtained by contacting the appropriate DFO Regional/Area authorities (Appendix I).

3. Proponents seeking Authorization under both Section 32 and Subsection 35(2) should complete and submit both Section 32 (Appendix IV) and Subsection 35(2) (Appendix V) applications. However, to minimize duplication, the proponent may choose to cross-reference those sections that are the same in each application form, and is expected to only submit one set of the documents requested in the forms, unless otherwise requested by the DFO Regional/Area authority. Contact the appropriate DFO Regional/Area authorities (Appendix I) for further information and assistance.
4. In seeking Authorization, the proponent will be expected to provide the information requested in the application forms. Doing so will expedite the review process.

In general, the proponent is expected to provide all plans, specifications, studies, procedures, samples or other information required to permit an assessment of the potential impact of the proposed use of explosives on fish and fish habitat, and the mitigation and/or compensation measures proposed to alleviate impacts and/or to compensate for any loss of productive capacity of habitat to produce fish. Typically, the fish and/or fish habitat information requirements include, but may not necessarily be limited to the items summarized below:

- a) A description of the project and the expected effects resulting from the use of explosives on the fisheries resources (including marine mammals) and/or fish habitat, including:
  - i) A description of fish and marine mammal species and their habitats likely to be affected by the detonation;
  - ii) A description of whether the fish, marine mammals and their habitats contribute, or have the potential to contribute, directly or indirectly, to a fishery - subsistence, commercial or recreational;
  - iii) The timing of any seasonal migration of fish and marine mammals;
  - iv) The theoretical lethal range (i.e., the range, or distance, over which the overpressure exceeds 100 kPa) of the explosives to be used (from equations provided in Appendix II);
  - v) An assessment of potential impacts arising from the proposed use of explosives and a description of proposed mitigation and/or compensation measures; and
  - vi) Other matters, such as the proposed contingency plan and monitoring and follow-up program.
- b) The proponent's mitigation plan should include discussion of the following measures that are particularly relevant to alleviating the potential impacts of explosives:
  - i) The work or undertaking should be undertaken at the time of least biological activity or biological sensitivity. Proponents should consult with DFO Regional/Area authorities to determine the appropriate timing;

- ii) If multiple charges are required, time-delay detonation initiators (blasting caps) should be used to reduce the overall detonation to a series of discrete explosions. Time delays for discrete explosions should be greater than 25 ms; and,
- iii) If possible, large charges should be subdivided into a series of smaller discrete detonations or explosions using time-delay detonation initiators (a procedure known as decking) to reduce the overall detonation to a series of smaller discrete detonations or explosions.

In addition to these measures, the proponent should also consider additional mitigation measures including, but not limited to the following:

- iv) Deployment of bubble curtains/air curtains to disrupt the shock wave;
  - v) Deployment of noise generating devices, such as an air compressor discharge line, to scare fish away from the site; or,
  - vi) Removal or exclusion of fish from the work area before the blast occurs.
5. Proponents should be aware that subsequent to filing the application, DFO may request additional information concerning fish and fish habitat, the mitigation and/or compensation plans, the contingency and monitoring and follow-up programs, and other matters as required to complete the *Fisheries Act* review. If the appropriate information is not already available, it is the proponent's responsibility to provide it and, also, to assure DFO that the proposed mitigation and/or compensation measures will be effective. Should it be necessary to conduct an environmental assessment of the project pursuant to the CEAA, then additional information will be required in order to meet the requirements of the CEAA.
  6. The Department of Fisheries and Oceans will undertake to: respond to requests for review, or to referrals, of project proposals or activities; issue Authorizations or provide advice; and/or complete environmental assessments in a manner consistent with Departmental service standards. Generally, DFO will respond to requests for review or to referrals within 30 working days of notification. Timeframes required for the issuance of Authorizations or advice will be discussed with proponents. Proponents should be aware that the length of time required to complete a review can vary greatly, often depending on the type and complexity of project proposed, the fish and fish habitat issues involved, and whether or not an environmental assessment under the CEAA is required. Once again, proponents are encouraged to contact the appropriate DFO Regional/Area authorities (Appendix I) to discuss these issues.
  7. If an unforeseen need to use explosives arises, Departmental service standards may be waived and a review completed as expeditiously as possible so as not to unduly delay a project. Further, Departmental service standards are waived in the event of an emergency where lives and/or property are threatened. In such cases, the amount of information required may be reduced due to the urgency of the

situation. Any verbal request for an emergency Authorization will be accepted only on the condition that it is followed by a written confirmation of the project details.

8. If applicable, proponents may be required by the Department of Fisheries and Oceans, Canadian Coast Guard, to issue a "Notice to Mariners" and/or a "Notice to Fishers". The appropriate DFO Area/Regional authorities (Appendix I) are prepared to assist the proponent with contacting the Canadian Coast Guard.
9. Resource management agencies of other governments, departments, or boards that have been established under some aboriginal land claim settlements, may have aquatic resource review requirements and service standards that are different than those described in this document. Proponents should contact those agencies to ensure compliance with any requirements they may have.

### **Review and Decision-making Process**

This section summarizes the approach taken by the Department of Fisheries and Oceans in the review of referrals and of applications for Authorization. Included is a description of the key decisions possible from a review, and the criteria used in making decisions. There is also a brief summary of the linkage between Section 32 and/or Subsection 35(2) Authorizations and the responsibilities of the Department of Fisheries and Oceans to undertake environmental assessments pursuant to the *Canadian Environmental Assessment Act* (CEAA).

#### **Fisheries Act**

DFO will review the proponent's application in accordance with the *Fisheries Act* and its supporting policy framework, including this document. Upon receipt of information, notice, a referral, or application for Authorization concerning works or undertakings where the use of explosives is proposed, DFO will normally take the following steps in its review of the proposal:

1. Determine the adequacy of the information provided by the proponent.
2. Using the information provided, assess the extent of risk or potential damage to fish and marine mammals and/or fish habitat and the acceptability of this level of damage in context with the level of protection required.
3. Determine the probable success of proposed mitigation and/or compensation measures and, as appropriate the acceptability of any residual impacts.
4. Where relevant, consult with the appropriate provincial or territorial resource management agencies, and/or aboriginal resource management boards.
5. Note that prior to finalizing its review of the proposal DFO may, among other matters, advise the proponent of the need for more information, re-assess a revised project proposal, suggest that the proponent seek authorization, etc. The

review of a proposal is often an iterative process depending on a number of factors, such as the type of referral received by DFO, its completeness, its potential impacts on fish and/or fish habitat and the potential to mitigate and/or compensate for such impacts. Proponents should discuss this and related aspects of the review process with the relevant DFO/Regional area authority (Appendix I).

6. After examination of the proposal, DFO will make a decision regarding the proponent's application.

- **With respect to Section 32, DFO will either,**

⇒ upon determining that implementation of mitigation measures by the proponent is expected to prevent or avoid the destruction of fish, advise the proponent by letter that if such measures are incorporated into the project, Section 32 is not expected to be contravened. A letter of advice should not be taken to imply approval of the project pursuant to the habitat provisions of the *Fisheries Act*, or any other legislation. Note, if the destruction of fish occurs as a result of a change in the plans for the proposed project, or failure to implement the measures identified in the letter of advice, contravention of Section 32 of the *Fisheries Act* could occur.

**OR**

⇒ upon determining that even with the implementation of mitigation measures the destruction of fish is still expected to occur **and**, because this mortality is acceptable within the context of the fisheries resource, issue a Section 32 Authorization using a letter format.

**OR**

⇒ upon determining that even with the implementation of mitigation measures the destruction of fish is still expected to occur **but**, because this mortality is not acceptable within the context of the fisheries resource, reject the proposal, and notify the proponent that DFO will not issue a Section 32 Authorization and that a contravention of the *Fisheries Act* could occur should the proponent still choose to proceed as proposed.

- **With respect to Section 35, DFO will either,**

⇒ upon determining that implementation of mitigation measures by the proponent is expected to prevent or avoid a HADD of fish habitat, advise the proponent by letter that if such measures are incorporated into the project, Subsection 35(1) is not expected to be contravened. A letter of advice should not be taken to imply approval of the project pursuant to the habitat provisions of the *Fisheries Act*, or any other legislation. Note, if a

HADD of fish habitat occurs as a result of a change in the plans for the proposed project, or failure to implement the measures identified in the letter of advice, contravention of Subsection 35(1) of the *Fisheries Act* could occur.

**OR**

⇒ upon determining that even with the implementation of mitigation measures a HADD of fish habitat is still expected to occur **and**, because the proposed compensation for the unavoidable net loss of productive capacity of fish habitat is acceptable to DFO, issue a Subsection 35(2) authorization using the form provided in Schedule VII of Subsection 58(2) of the *Fishery (General) Regulations*.

**OR**

⇒ upon determining that even with the implementation of mitigation measures a HADD of fish habitat is still expected to occur **but**, because the proposed compensation for the unavoidable net loss of fish habitat productive capacity is not acceptable, reject the proposal, and notify the proponent that DFO will not issue a Subsection 35(2) Authorization and that a violation of the *Fisheries Act* could occur should the proponent still choose to proceed as proposed.

Notes:

- The Department of Fisheries and Oceans, in arriving at one of the above noted determinations, will also consider the following criteria:
  - Whether the use of explosives is the only technically feasible means by which to attain the desired objective; and
  - Whether the use of explosives is required to alleviate an emergency situation threatening human safety and/or property.
- Section 32 and/or Subsection 35(2) authorizations come with conditions attached, which among others may include:
  - The proponent may be required to develop, undertake and report on a monitoring program at its expense, typically, to monitor compliance and evaluate effectiveness of the mitigation and/or compensation measures.
  - If, during the course of the works or undertakings, the adverse effects of the explosives were significantly greater than anticipated, the proponent may be required to immediately cease all further use of explosives,



pending review of the situation with Department of Fisheries and Oceans personnel.

- Additional, site-specific terms and conditions as may be required in order to satisfy fishery resource and/or fish habitat protection requirements. For example, the conditions may be more stringent than the measures identified in the preceding 'Guidelines' section.

#### Canadian Environmental Assessment Act

Section 32 and Subsection 35(2) are included in the *Law List Regulation* of the *Canadian Environmental Assessment Act* (CEAA). Consequently, the Department of Fisheries and Oceans as the Responsible Authority must conduct an environmental assessment of the relevant proposed works or undertakings before an Authorization can be issued. If the result of the environmental assessment is that the work or undertaking will, after taking into account the appropriate measures, not likely result in significant impact that cannot be justified, then authorization(s) will normally be issued pursuant to Section 32 and/or Subsection 35(2) of the *Fisheries Act*. Procedures for coordinating the CEAA review with provincial and aboriginal government review processes vary. Proponents are strongly advised to contact the DFO Regional/Area authorities (Appendix I) to obtain additional information on environmental assessment procedures and requirements.

### UPDATING

These guidelines will be reviewed and updated as necessary.

### ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Many individuals and governmental and non-governmental organizations were consulted in the development of these guidelines. We gratefully acknowledge their interest and contributions. In particular, input from D. Haché, K. Fisher, K. Broughton and R. Drolet, from DFO, and L. Macanuf (Golder-VME) and R. Morin (Explootec Engineering Ltd) is appreciated.

### REFERENCES

Anonymous. 1980. Blasters handbook. 16<sup>th</sup> edition. Explosives Products Division, E.I. DuPont de Nemours & Co. Wilmington, Delaware. 494 p.

Nicholls H.R., C.F. Johnson, and W.I. Duvall. 1971. Blasting vibrations and their effects on structures. U.S. Dept. of Interior, Bureau of Mines, Washington, DC Bull. 656. 105 p.

Wright, D.G. 1982. A discussion paper on the effects of explosives on fish and marine mammals in the waters of the Northwest Territories. Can. Tech. Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 1052: v + 16 p.

Wright, D.G., in prep. The effects of the use of explosives on fish and marine mammals, including models to predict their impact and mitigation strategies to reduce the effect on fish and marine mammals. Can. Tech. Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. xxx: xx + xx p.

Table 1. Setback distance (m) from centre of detonation of a confined explosive to fish habitat to achieve 100 kPa guideline criteria for various substrates.

The data in this table is incorrect and should not be used.

Substrate Type	Weight of Explosive Charge (kg)							
	0.5	1	2	5	10	25	50	100
Rock	3.6	5.0	7.1	11.0	15.9	25.0	35.6	50.3
Frozen Soil	2.3	3.2	4.5	7.2	11.3	16	23.0	32
Ice	1.5	2.1	3.0	4.7	6.6	10.5	14.8	21
Saturated Soil	1.5	2.1	3.0	4.8	6.7	10.0	15.1	21.3
Unsaturated Soil	0.7	1.0	1.4	2.2	3.1	4.9	6.9	9.8

Erratum:

Wright, D.G., and G.E. Hopky. 1998. Guidelines for the use of explosives in or near Canadian fisheries waters. Can Tech. Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 2107: iv + 34p.

Page 15: Table 1 should be replaced by the following Table:

Table 1. Setback distance (m) from centre of detonation of a confined explosive to fish habitat to achieve 100 kPa guideline criteria for various substrates.

Substrate Type	Weight of Explosive Charge (kg)							
	0.5	1	2	5	10	25	50	100
Rock	3.6	5.0	7.1	11.0	15.9	25.0	35.6	50.3
Frozen Soil	3.3	4.7	6.5	10.4	14.7	23.2	32.9	46.5
Ice	3.0	4.2	5.9	9.3	13.2	20.9	29.5	41.8
Saturated Soil	3.0	4.2	5.9	9.3	13.2	20.9	29.5	41.8
Unsaturated Soil	2.0	2.9	4.1	6.5	9.2	14.5	20.5	29.0

Table 2. Setback distance (m) from centre of detonation of a confined explosive to spawning habitat to achieve  $13 \text{ mm} \cdot \text{sec}^{-1}$  guideline criteria for all types of substrate.

	Weight of Explosive Charge (kg)						
	0.5	1	5	10	25	50	100
Setback distance (m)	10.7	15.1	33.7	47.8	75.5	106.7	150.9

## Appendix I DFO Regional/Area Authorities

### **Newfoundland Region**

Habitat Evaluation Engineer,  
Habitat Management Division  
Fisheries and Habitat Management Branch  
PO Box 5667  
St. John's, NF A1C 5X1  
Voice: (709) 772-6157  
Fax: (709) 772-4525

### **Maritime Region**

#### New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island

Denis Haché, P. Eng.  
Habitat Evaluation Engineer  
PO Box 5030  
Moncton, NB E1C 9B6  
Voice: (506) 851-6252  
Fax: (506) 851-6579

#### Nova Scotia

Brian Jollymore, P. Eng.  
Habitat Evaluation Engineer  
PO Box 550  
Halifax, NS B3J 2S7  
Voice: (902) 426-2549  
Fax: (902) 426-1489

### **Laurentian Region**

Manager, Fish Habitat  
Fish Habitat and Environmental Science  
Maurice-Lamontagne Institute  
PO Box 1000  
Mont-Joli, QC G5H 3Z4  
Voice: (418) 775-0577  
Fax: (418) 775-0658

### **Central and Arctic Region**

#### Ontario

Area Manager, Ontario Area  
Fisheries Management Branch  
PO Box 5050, 867 Lakeshore Road  
Burlington, ON L7R 4A6  
Voice: (905) 336-4567  
Fax: (905) 336-6437

#### Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta

Manager, Habitat Management Division  
Fisheries Science Branch  
501 University Crescent  
Winnipeg, MB R3T 2N6  
Voice: (204) 983-5164  
Fax: (204) 984-2402

**Appendix I (concluded)**  
**DFO Regional/Area Authorities**

**Central and Arctic Region (continued)**

Nunavut

Area Manager, Nunavut Area  
 Fisheries Management Branch  
 PO Box 358  
 Iqaluit, NWT X0A 0H0  
 Voice: (867) 979-8002  
 Fax: (867) 979-8039

Western Arctic

Area Manager, NWT West Area  
 Fisheries Management Branch  
 PO Box 2310  
 Yellowknife, NWT X1A 2P7  
 Voice: (867) 920-6636  
 Fax: (867) 873-8871

**Pacific Region**

North Coast

Chief,  
 Habitat and Enhancement Branch  
 North Coast Division  
 South 417 - 2<sup>nd</sup> Ave. W.  
 Prince Rupert, BC V8J 1G8  
 Voice: (250) 627-3453  
 Fax: (250) 627-3480

South Coast

Chief,  
 Habitat and Enhancement Branch  
 South Coast Division  
 3225 Stephenson Pt. Road  
 Nanaimo, BC V9T 1K3  
 Voice: (250) 756-7284  
 Fax: (250) 756-7162

Fraser River

Chief,  
 Habitat and Enhancement Branch  
 Fraser River Division  
 610 Derwent Way  
 Annacis Island  
 New Westminster, BC V3M 5P8  
 Voice: (604) 666-0315  
 Fax: (604) 666-6627

Yukon

Chief,  
 Habitat and Enhancement Branch  
 Yukon Division  
 122 Industrial Road  
 Whitehorse, YT Y1A 2T9  
 Voice: (867) 393-6725  
 Fax: (867) 393-6738

Northeastern and Southeastern B.C.

Chief, Major Projects Unit  
 Habitat and Enhancement Branch  
 327 – 555 Hastings Street  
 Vancouver, BC V6B 5G3  
 Voice: (604) 666-2057  
 Fax: (604) 666-7907

**Appendix II**  
**General Equations to Determine Setback Distance for Confined**  
**Explosives to Meet Guideline Criteria of 100 kPa**

## Equation (A)

Equation (A) describes the transfer of shock pressure from the substrate to the water.

$$P_W = \frac{2(Z_W / Z_R)P_R}{1 + (Z_W / Z_R)}$$

where:

$P_W$	=	pressure (kPa) in water
$P_R$	=	pressure (kPa) in substrate
$Z_W$	=	acoustic impedance of water
$Z_R$	=	acoustic impedance of substrate

## Equation (B)

Equation (B) describes the relationship between acoustic impedance and the density and velocity of the medium through which the compressional wave travels.

$$Z_W/Z_R = \frac{D_W C_W}{D_R C_R}$$

where:

$D_W$	=	density of water = $1 \text{ g}\cdot\text{cm}^{-3}$
$D_R$	=	density of the substrate in $\text{g}\cdot\text{cm}^{-3}$
$C_W$	=	compressional wave velocity in water = $146,300 \text{ cm}\cdot\text{s}^{-1}$
$C_R$	=	compressional wave velocity in substrate in $\text{cm}\cdot\text{s}^{-1}$

**Appendix II (concluded)**  
**General Equations to Determine Setback Distance for Confined**  
**Explosives to Meet Guideline Criteria of 100 kPa**

Equation (B) (continued):

The following values are used for  $D_R$  and  $C_R$  for various substrates:

Substrate	$D_R$ ( $\text{g}\cdot\text{cm}^{-3}$ )	$C_R$ ( $\text{cm}\cdot\text{s}^{-1}$ )
Rock	2.64	457,200
Frozen Soil	1.92	304,800
Ice	0.98	304,800
Saturated soil	2.08	146,300
Unsaturated soil	1.92	45,700

Equation (C)

Equation (C) describes the relationship between the peak particle velocity ( $V_R$ ) and the pressure, density and compressional wave velocity in the substrate.

$$V_R = \frac{2P_R}{D_R C_R}$$

Equation (D)

Equation (D) represents the scaled distance relationship and is used to equate the peak particle velocity to charge weight and distance.

$$V_R = 100 (RW^{.5})^{-1.6}$$

where:

$V_R$	=	peak particle velocity in $\text{cm}\cdot\text{s}^{-1}$
$R$	=	distance to the detonation point in m
$W$	=	charge weight per delay in kg

**Appendix III**  
**Sample Calculations and Examples for Confined Explosives**

**SAMPLE CALCULATIONS**

**Sample Calculation 1: Calculation of Setback Distance Required for a 100 kg Charge Set in Rock to Meet the 100 kPa Guideline.**

1. From Equation (B):

$$\begin{aligned} Z_W/Z_R &= \frac{D_W C_W}{D_R C_R} \\ &= \frac{(1\text{g}\cdot\text{cm}^{-3})(146,300\text{cm}\cdot\text{s}^{-1})}{(2.64\text{g}\cdot\text{cm}^{-3})(457,200\text{cm}\cdot\text{s}^{-1})} \\ &= 0.1212 \end{aligned}$$

2. From Equation (A):

$$P_W = \frac{2(Z_W/Z_R)P_R}{1+(Z_W/Z_R)}$$

$$P_W = \frac{2(0.1212)P_R}{1+(0.1212)}$$

$$P_W = 0.22 P_R$$

3. To limit  $P_W$  to 100 kPa ( $\text{kg}\cdot\text{m}\cdot\text{s}^{-2}\cdot\text{m}^{-2}$ ):

$$P_R = \frac{P_W}{0.22}$$

$$P_R = \frac{100\text{ kPa}}{0.22}$$

$$P_R = 455\text{ kPa}$$

$$P_R = 4.55 \times 10^2\text{ kPa}$$



**Appendix III (continued)**  
**Sample Calculations and Examples for Confined Explosives**

4. Convert kPa to dynes ( $\text{g}\cdot\text{cm}\cdot\text{s}^{-2}$ ):

$$\text{dynes} = \text{kPa} \times 10^4$$

$$P_R = 4.55 \times 10^2 \times 10^4$$

$$P_R = 4.55 \times 10^6 \text{ dynes } (\text{g}\cdot\text{cm}\cdot\text{s}^{-2})$$

5. From Equation (C):

$$V_R = \frac{2P_R}{D_R C_R}$$

$$V_R = \frac{(2) (4.55 \cdot 10^6 \text{ g}\cdot\text{cm}\cdot\text{s}^{-2})}{(2.64 \text{ g}\cdot\text{cm}^{-3})(457,200 \text{ cm}\cdot\text{s}^{-1})}$$

$$V_R = 7.54 \text{ cm}\cdot\text{s}^{-1}$$

6. From Equation (D):

$$\begin{aligned} V_R &= 100(R/W^5)^{-1.6} \\ R &= (W^5)(V_R/100)^{-0.625} \\ R &= (100\text{kg})^5(7.54\text{cm}\cdot\text{s}^{-1}/100\text{kg}\cdot\text{cm}\cdot\text{s}^{-1}\cdot\text{m})^{-0.625} \\ R &= 50.3 \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$

Therefore, a 100 kg charge of explosives detonated in rock requires a setback of 50.3 m from fish habitat in order to reduce the overpressure produced by the detonation to less than 100 kPa.

Now, the calculation of the set-back distance required for a 100 kg charge set in rock to meet the peak particle velocity guideline of  $13 \text{ mm}\cdot\text{sec}^{-1}$  is as follows:

**Appendix III (continued)**  
**Sample Calculations and Examples for Confined Explosives**

From Equation (D):

$$R = (W^5)(V_R/100)^{-0.625}$$

When

$$V_R = 13 \text{ mm}\cdot\text{sec}^{-1} = 1.3 \text{ cm}\cdot\text{sec}^{-1}$$

and  $W = 100 \text{ kg}$

$$R = (100^5)(1.3/100)^{-0.625}$$

$$R = 150.9 \text{ m}$$

Therefore, a 100 kg charge of explosives detonated in rock requires a setback of 150.9 m from a spawning area in order to reduce the peak particle velocity produced by the detonation to less than  $13 \text{ mm}\cdot\text{sec}^{-1}$ .

**Sample Calculation 2: Simplified Calculation of Setback Distance from Fish Habitat.**

The calculations to determine the required setback distance to meet the 100 kPa guideline may be simplified. Since the weight of the charge and the distance from the charge to fish habitat are the only variables in the equations, a factor can be developed for substitution in Equation (D).

From Equation (D):

$$V_R = 100(R/W^5)^{-1.6}$$

$$R = (W^5)(V_R/100)^{-0.625}$$

Therefore:

$$R = W^5(K)$$

By working through the equations of Appendix II and solving for  $V_R$  for each substrate

**Appendix III (continued)**  
**Sample Calculations and Examples for Confined Explosives**

type, the following results are obtained:

SUBSTRATE TYPE	K
Rock	5.03
Frozen Soil	3.2
Ice	2.1
Saturated Soil	2.13
Unsaturated Soil	0.98

Therefore, to determine the setback distance required to meet the peak pressure guideline of 100 kPa, multiply the square root of the charge weight by the appropriate "K" factor.

**Sample Calculation 3: Simplified Calculation of Setback Distance from Fish Spawning Habitat.**

Similarly, to determine the set-back distance required to meet the peak particle velocity ( $V_R$ ) guideline of  $13 \text{ mm}\cdot\text{sec}^{-1}$ , a constant can be developed for substitution in Equation (D):

From Equation (D):

$$V_R = 100(R/W^5)^{1.6}$$

$$R = (W^5)(V_R/100)^{0.625}$$

where:

$$V_R = 13 \text{ mm}\cdot\text{sec}^{-1} = 1.3 \text{ cm}\cdot\text{sec}^{-1}$$

$$R = (W^5)(1.3/100)^{0.625}$$

$$R = (W^5)(15.09)$$

Therefore, to determine the setback distance required to meet the peak particle velocity ( $V_R$ ) guideline of  $13 \text{ mm}\cdot\text{sec}^{-1}$ , multiply the square root of the charge weight by a factor of 15.09.

**Appendix III (continued)**  
**Sample Calculations and Examples for Confined Explosives**

**EXAMPLES****Example 1: On-shore Setback Distance from Fish Habitat.**

A proponent wishes to use explosives to break rock in a quarry near a stream. What is the minimum setback distance from the stream required in order to limit the overpressure in the stream to less than 100 kPa?

Calculate the required set back distance for a 35 kg charges set in rock.

$$\begin{aligned}
 W &= 35 \text{ kg} \\
 K_{(\text{rock})} &= 6.75 \\
 R &= (W^{-5})(K) \\
 R &= (35^{-5})(5.03) \\
 R &= 29.8 \text{ m}
 \end{aligned}$$

Note: It is assumed that the rock formation being quarried extends under the stream. Therefore the K factor for rock is used.

Therefore, the proponent would be required to maintain a set back distance of at least 29.8 m in order to meet the DFO guideline criteria of 100 kPa.

**Example 2: Buried Charges for Geophysical Exploration.**

A proponent wishes to conduct a geophysical survey beneath a shallow lake. Because of the shallow depth of the lake, it is not possible to use an air gun or other similar non-explosive energy source. To what depth must explosive charges (5 kg) be buried in order to limit the overpressure to less than 100 kPa?

$$\begin{aligned}
 W &= 5 \text{ kg} \\
 K_{(\text{sat. soil})} &= 2.13 \\
 R &= (W^{-5})(K) \\
 R &= (5^{-5})(2.13) \\
 R &= 4.8 \text{ m}
 \end{aligned}$$

Note: It is assumed that the charges are buried in un-consolidated sediments. Therefore the K factor for saturated soil is used.

Therefore the proponent would be required to bury the charges to a depth of at least 4.8 m below the substrate-water interface in order to limit the overpressure at the interface to less than 100 kPa.

**Appendix III (continued)**  
**Sample Calculations and Examples for Confined Explosives**

**Example 3: In-stream Trench Excavation.**

A proponent wishes to use explosives to assist in the excavation of a trench for a pipeline across a trout stream. The right-of-way is located in a cobble bottom riffle area that is used as a feeding area. There is a potential spawning bed located 75 m upstream of the right-of-way. The explosives' parameters are as follows:

Weight of individual charges:	15 kg
# of holes detonated/delay:	5
Weight of charge/delay:	75 kg

Does the proposal meet the DFO guideline criteria for overpressure and peak particle velocity?

**a) For the Overpressure Criteria:**

$$\begin{aligned}
 W &= 75 \text{ kg} \\
 K_{(\text{rock})} &= 5.03 \\
 R &= (W^{-5})(K) \\
 R &= (75^{-5})(5.03) \\
 R &= 43.6 \text{ m}
 \end{aligned}$$

Note: Since explosives must be used to excavate the trench, it is assumed that the substrate consists of rock or strongly consolidated sediments. Therefore the K factor for rock is used.

Therefore the detonation of 75 kg of explosives could kill or injure fish within a radius of 43.6 m of the right-of-way.

**b) For the Peak Particle Velocity Criteria:**

To determine the setback distance required to meet the peak particle velocity ( $V_R$ ) guideline of  $13 \text{ mm} \cdot \text{sec}^{-1}$  in a spawning area, multiply the square root of the charge weight by a factor of 15.09.

$$\begin{aligned}
 R &= (W^{-5})(15.09) \\
 R &= (75^{-5})(15.09) \\
 R &= 130.7 \text{ m}
 \end{aligned}$$

Therefore, the detonation of 75 kg of explosives would exceed the DFO Guideline for peak particle velocity of  $13 \text{ mm} \cdot \text{sec}^{-1}$  in a spawning bed.

**Appendix III (concluded)**  
**Sample Calculations and Examples for Confined Explosives**

Therefore, the application for an authorization to use explosives would be denied and major changes in the explosives program would be required in order for the project to be acceptable to DFO.

For example:

If the weight of explosive/delay were reduced to 5 kg by increasing the number of holes in the pattern and detonating each hole separately with 25 msec delays between each hole, the zone of overpressure exceeding 100 kPa would be:

$$\begin{aligned}
 W &= 5 \text{ kg} \\
 K_{(\text{rock})} &= 5.03 \\
 R &= (W^{.5})(K) \\
 R &= (5^{.5})(5.03) \\
 R &= 11.2 \text{ m}
 \end{aligned}$$

Similarly, the distance at which the peak particle velocity in the substrate would not exceed  $13 \text{ mm} \cdot \text{sec}^{-1}$  would be:

$$\begin{aligned}
 R &= (W^{.5})(15.09) \\
 R &= (5^{.5})(15.09) \\
 R &= 33.7 \text{ m}
 \end{aligned}$$

Therefore, if the weight of explosives per delay were reduced to 5 kg, the spawning area would be protected, as it is further than 33.7m from the detonation area. However, the detonation would still produce over-pressures exceeding 100 kPa to a distance of 11.2 m. Additional mitigation such as undertaking the project at a time of least fish activity or by removing/excluding fish from the area by either physical exclusion or scare tactics may be required.

**Appendix IV  
Application Form for Authorization to Destroy Fish by Means  
Other Than Fishing**

**APPLICATION FOR AUTHORIZATION TO DESTROY FISH BY MEANS  
OTHER THAN FISHING**

I, the undersigned, hereby request authorization to carry out the works or undertakings described on this application form. I understand that the approval of this application, if granted, is from the Department of Fisheries and Oceans standpoint only and does not release me from my obligation to obtain permission from other concerned regulatory agencies.

If an authorization is granted as a result of this application, I hereby agree to carry out all activities relating to the project within the designated time frames and conditions specified in the authorization.

**Applicant's Name (Please Print)** \_\_\_\_\_

**Applicant's Business Address** \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Applicant's Telephone Number** \_\_\_\_\_

**Applicant's Facsimile Number** \_\_\_\_\_

**Applicant's E-Mail Number** \_\_\_\_\_

**Date of Application** \_\_\_\_\_

I solemnly declare that the information provided and facts set out in this application are true, complete and correct, and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing it to be true and knowing that it is of the same force and effect as if made under oath. This declaration applies to all material submitted as part of this application.

**Applicant's Signature** \_\_\_\_\_

**Appendix IV (continued)**  
**Application Form for Authorization to Destroy Fish by Means**  
**Other Than Fishing**

**APPLICATION FOR AUTHORIZATION TO DESTROY FISH BY MEANS**  
**OTHER THAN FISHING (continued)**

**Location Details**

Name of watercourse or waterbody (including co-ordinates)

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Nearest Community

\_\_\_\_\_

County

\_\_\_\_\_

Province/Territory

\_\_\_\_\_

**Provide details of proposed activity including reasons as to why explosives must be used (attach additional information as required)**

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_



**Appendix IV (continued)**  
**Application Form for Authorization to Destroy Fish by Means**  
**Other Than Fishing**

Page 3

**APPLICATION FOR AUTHORIZATION TO DESTROY FISH BY MEANS**  
**OTHER THAN FISHING (continued)**

**Schedule of Operations**

Proposed starting date (D/M/Y) \_\_\_\_\_

Proposed completion date (D/M/Y) \_\_\_\_\_

**The following documents will assist in assessing your application and help expedite its approval. Please check which documents you have attached.**

- |  |     |
|--|-----|
| Map indicating location of project:  | [ ] |
| Engineering specifications   | [ ] |
| Dimensional drawings   | [ ] |
| Assessment of fish and marine mammal resources                               | [ ] |
| Assessment of potential effects of project<br>on fish and marine mammals     | [ ] |
| Measures proposed to mitigate potential damage<br>to fish and marine mammals | [ ] |
| Other  | [ ] |

**Appendix IV (concluded)  
Application Form for Authorization to Destroy Fish by Means  
Other Than Fishing**

**APPLICATION FOR AUTHORIZATION TO DESTROY FISH BY MEANS  
OTHER THAN FISHING (concluded)**

**Explosives Contractor (If different from applicant)**

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Telephone number \_\_\_\_\_

Facsimile number \_\_\_\_\_

**Details of Explosives**

Type (including trade name) \_\_\_\_\_

Total weight of explosive to be used (kg) \_\_\_\_\_

Weight of individual shots/  
Weight per delay \_\_\_\_\_

Shot pattern \_\_\_\_\_

Detonation depth \_\_\_\_\_

Delay period (msec) \_\_\_\_\_

Method of detonation \_\_\_\_\_

## APPENDIX V

## Application Form to Harmfully Alter, Disrupt or Destroy Fish Habitat

SCHEDULE VI/ANNEXE VI  
(Subsection 58(1)/paragraphe 58(1))

Fisheries and Oceans



Pêches et Océans

Page 1

Application No./N° de la demande

APPLICATION FOR AUTHORIZATION FOR WORKS OR UNDERTAKINGS AFFECTING FISH HABITAT  
DEMANDE D'AUTORISATION POUR DES OUVRAGES OU ENTREPRISES MODIFIANT L'HABITAT DU POISSON

I, the undersigned, hereby request authorization to carry out the works or undertakings described on this application form. I understand that the approval of this application, if granted, is from the Minister of Fisheries and Oceans standpoint only and does not release me from my obligation to obtain permission from other concerned regulatory agencies.

Je soussigné, demande par les présentes l'autorisation d'exploiter les ouvrages ou entreprises décrits dans la formule. Je comprends que l'approbation de cette demande, le cas échéant, porte sur ce qui relève du ministre des Pêches et des Océans et ne me dispense pas d'obtenir la permission d'autres organismes réglementaires concernés.

If an authorization is granted as a result of this application, I hereby agree to carry out all activities relating to the project within the designated time frames and conditions specified in the authorization.

Si la demande est approuvée, je consens par les présentes à exécuter tous les travaux relatifs à ce projet selon les modalités et dans le laps de temps prescrits dans l'autorisation.

Applicant's Name (Please Print) \_\_\_\_\_ Nom du requérant (lettres moulées)

Applicant's Business Address \_\_\_\_\_ Adresse d'affaires du requérant

Applicant's Telephone No./ N° de téléphone du requérant \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

I solemnly declare that the information provided and facts set out in this application are true, complete and correct, and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing it to be true and knowing that it is of the same force and effect as if made under oath. This declaration applies to all material submitted as part of this application.

Je déclare solennellement que les renseignements fournis et les faits énoncés dans cette demande sont véridiques, complets et exacts, et je fais cette déclaration solennelle, la croyant consciencieusement vraie et sachant qu'elle a la même force et le même effet que si elle était faite sous serment. Cette déclaration s'applique à tout document qui est présenté dans le cadre de cette demande.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Applicant's Signature (and corporate seal)

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature du requérant (et sceau de la société)

Name of watercourse or waterbody (give coordinates)

Cours d'eau ou plan d'eau (donner les coordonnées) \_\_\_\_\_

This watercourse is a tributary of (where applicable)

Cours d'eau tributaire de (le cas échéant) \_\_\_\_\_

Nearest community  
Localité la plus proche

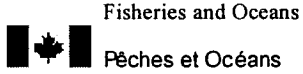
County  
Comté

Province  
Province

APPENDIX V

Application Form to Harmfully Alter, Disrupt or Destroy Fish Habitat (continued)

SCHEDULE VI-Continued/ANNEXE VI (suite)



Application No./N° de la demande

APPLICATION FOR AUTHORIZATION FOR WORKS OR UNDERTAKINGS AFFECTING FISH HABITAT
DEMANDE D'AUTORISATION POUR DES OUVRAGES OU ENTREPRISES MODIFIANT L'HABITAT DU POISSON

Type of Activity/Genre d'activité

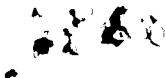
- List of activity types including Bridge, Culvert, Dam, Stream Diversion, Mining, Stream Realignment, Channelization, Wharf, Dewatering, Aquaculture, Gravel Removal, Obstruction Removal, Stream Utilization, Erosion Control, Flood Protection, Stream Traverse, Seismic Survey, and Agriculture.

List of Agencies (Federal, Provincial or Municipal) contacted or notified, or who have initiated contact with the applicant.
Liste des organismes (fédéraux, provinciaux ou municipaux) contactés ou qui ont pris contact avec le requérant.

Blank lines for listing agencies.

PROVIDE DETAILS OF PROPOSED ACTIVITY INCLUDING REASONS FOR THE PROJECT AND TYPES OF EQUIPMENT TO BE USED
DONNER DES PRÉCISIONS SUR LES TRAVAUX PROJÉTÉS Y COMPRIS LA JUSTIFICATION DU PROJET ET LE TYPE D'ÉQUIPEMENT À UTILISER

Multiple blank lines for providing details of the proposed activity.



APPENDIX V

Application Form to Harmfully Alter, Disrupt or Destroy Fish Habitat (continued)

SCHEDULE VI-Continued/ANNEXE VI (suite)

Fisheries and Oceans
Pêches et Océans

Application No./N° de la demande

APPLICATION FOR AUTHORIZATION FOR WORKS OR UNDERTAKINGS AFFECTING FISH HABITAT
DEMANDE D'AUTORISATION POUR DES OUVRAGES OU ENTREPRISES MODIFIANT L'HABITAT DU POISSON

SCHEDULE/CALENDRIER

Proposed Starting Date
Date prévue du début des travaux
Proposed Completion Date
Date prévue de l'achèvement des travaux

Approximate Timing of Work in shoreline, foreshore, tidal zone, or underwater areas.
Période approximative des travaux sur le rivage et les estrans ainsi que dans les zones à marées et les zones sous-marines.

From/De To/A
D/J M/M Y/A

The following documents will assist in assessing your application and help expedite its approval. Please check which documents you have attached.

Les documents suivants faciliteront l'évaluation de votre demande et permettront d'accélérer son approbation. Veuillez cocher les documents vous avez joints à votre demande.

- Map indicating location of project [ ] Carte indiquant l'emplacement du projet
Engineering Specifications [ ] Spécifications techniques
Scale Drawings [ ] Dessins à l'échelle
Dimensional Drawings [ ] Plans cotés
Assessment of Existing Fish Habitat Characteristics [ ] Évaluation des caractéristiques existantes de l'habitat du poisson
Assessment of Potential Effects of Project on Fish Habitat [ ] Évaluation des répercussions possibles sur l'habitat du poisson
Measures Proposed to Offset Potential Damage to Fish Habitat [ ] Mesures proposées pour compenser les ventuels dommages à l'habitat du poisson
Other [ ] Autres

ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT AND REVIEW PROCESS CONSIDERATIONS

CONSIDERATIONS CONCERNANT LE PROCESSUS D'ÉVALUATION ET D'EXAMEN EN MATIÈRE D'ENVIRONNEMENT

NOTE: All applications pursuant to section 35 of the Fisheries Act will be assessed in accordance with applicable federal environmental assessment requirements.

REMARQUE : Toute demande en vertu l'article 35 de la Loi sur les pêches sera soumise aux exigences fédérales applicables à l'évaluation environnementale.

APPENDIX V

Application Form to Harmfully Alter, Disrupt or Destroy Fish Habitat (concluded)

SCHEDULE VI-Concluded/ANNEXE VI (fin)

Fisheries and Oceans



Pêches et Océans

Application No./N° de la demande

APPLICATION FOR AUTHORIZATION FOR WORKS OR UNDERTAKINGS AFFECTING FISH HABITAT
DEMANDE D'AUTORISATION POUR DES OUVRAGES OU ENTREPRISES MODIFIANT L'HABITAT DU POISSON

COMPLETE ONLY IF USE OF EXPLOSIVES IS INTENDED
A REMPLIR SEULEMENT EN CAS D'UTILISATION D'EXPLOSIFS

EXPLOSIVES CONTRACTOR (IF DIFFERENT FROM APPLICANT)/RESPONSABLE DES EXPLOSIFS (SI AUTRE QUE LE REQUIRANT)

Name/Nom :

Address/Adresse :

Telephone No./N° de téléphone :

Anticipated Starting Date / Date prévue du début des travaux (D/J, MM, Y/A)
Completion Date / Date d'achèvement (D/J, MM, Y/Y)

DETAILS OF EXPLOSIVES/PRÉCISIONS SUR LES EXPLOSIFS

Type (including trade name) / Genre (y compris la marque)

Weight and configuration (where applicable) / Poids et forme (le cas échéant)

Weight of individual shots and shot pattern where multiple charges are used / Poids des coups individuels et déploiement des coups, en cas de charges multiples

Detonation depth (in the rock; note also the depth of water, if applicable) / Profondeur de détonation (dans le roc; indiquer aussi, la profondeur de l'eau, s'il y a lieu)

Method of detonation / Méthode de détonation